

The 'Thrive at Work at Home' Survey is now in full swing!

Below are some initial findings from the sample of **560 participants** who took part in the first wave between 21st April-5th May 2020. Our plan is to build on these results with information provided to us at each of the 9 working from home surveys over the next 6 months. Together, these findings will paint a picture of how our participants phase into (and out of) working from home options during the COVID-19 pandemic.

First, let's learn a bit about our survey participants:

33% Male

66% Female

Age Range:

20 – 74 years.

This includes:

18%

Aged 20-30 years

34%

Aged 31-40 years

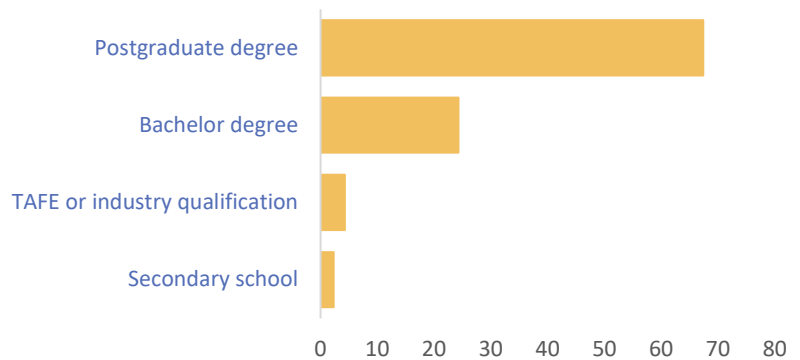
25%

Aged 41-50 years

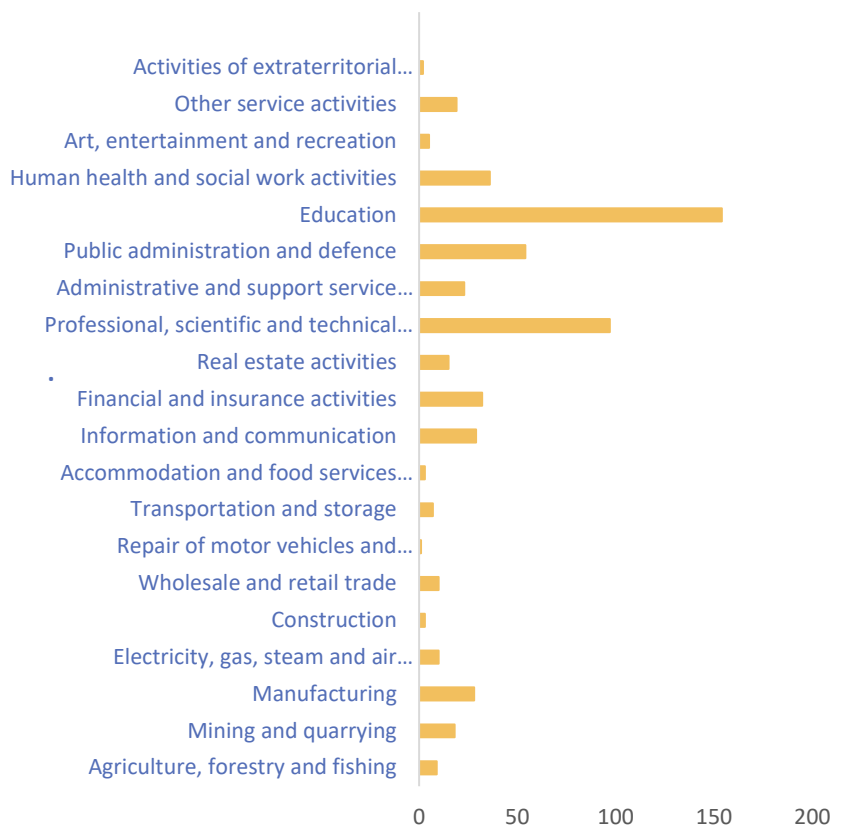
21%

Aged over 51 years

Level of Education as a Percentage

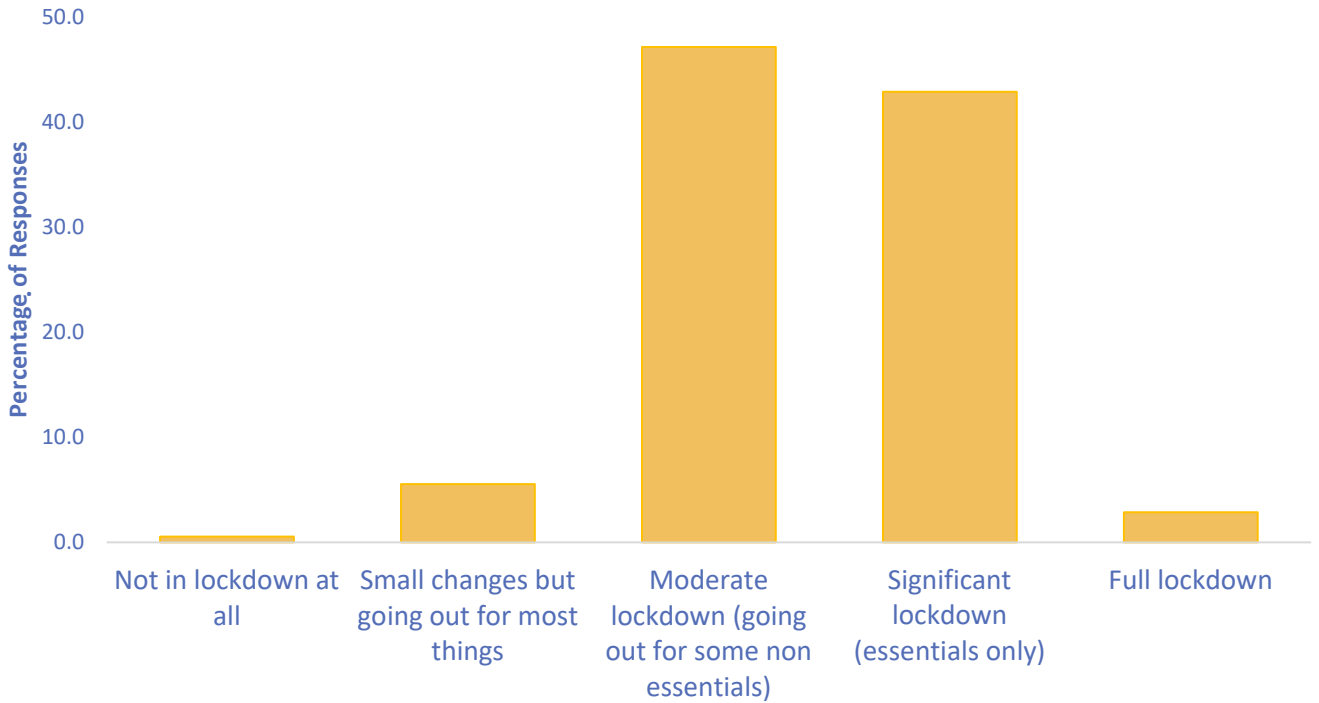


Participant Numbers by Industry



Next, here's the current home situation:

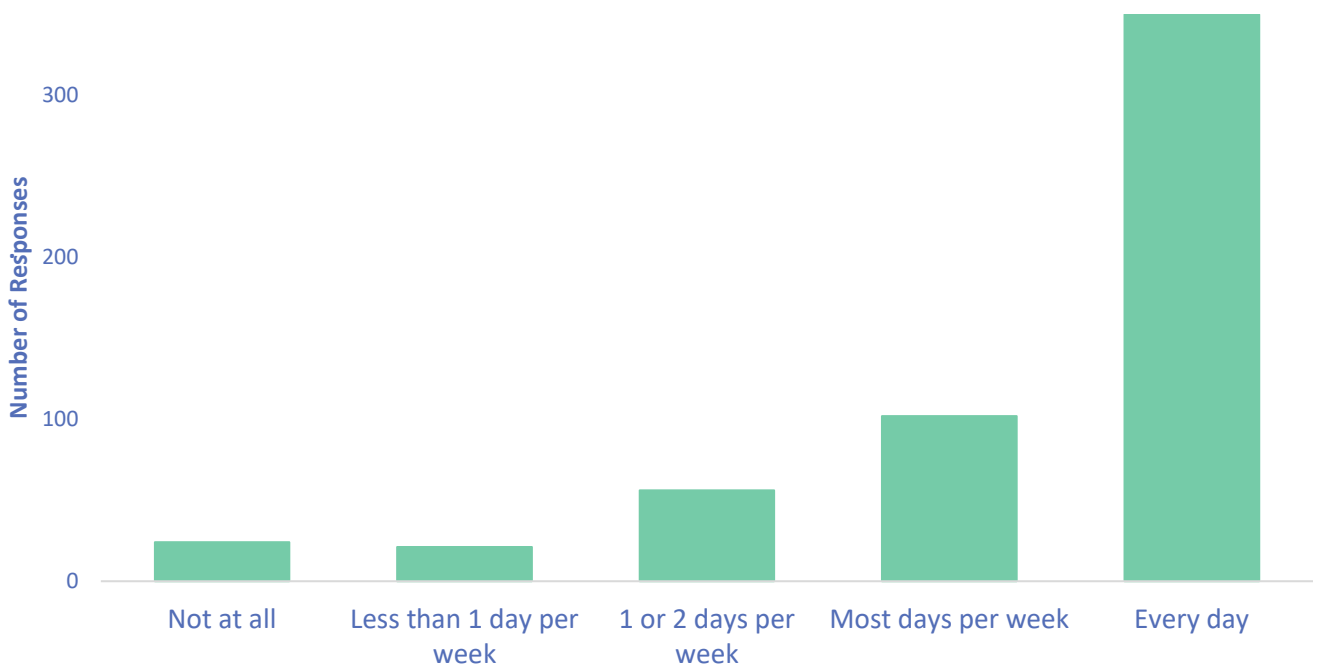
Which of the below best describes how much your home is in lockdown?



89% of our respondents reported being in somewhere between 'moderate', to 'full' lockdown, meaning they were considerably limiting activities outside of the house.

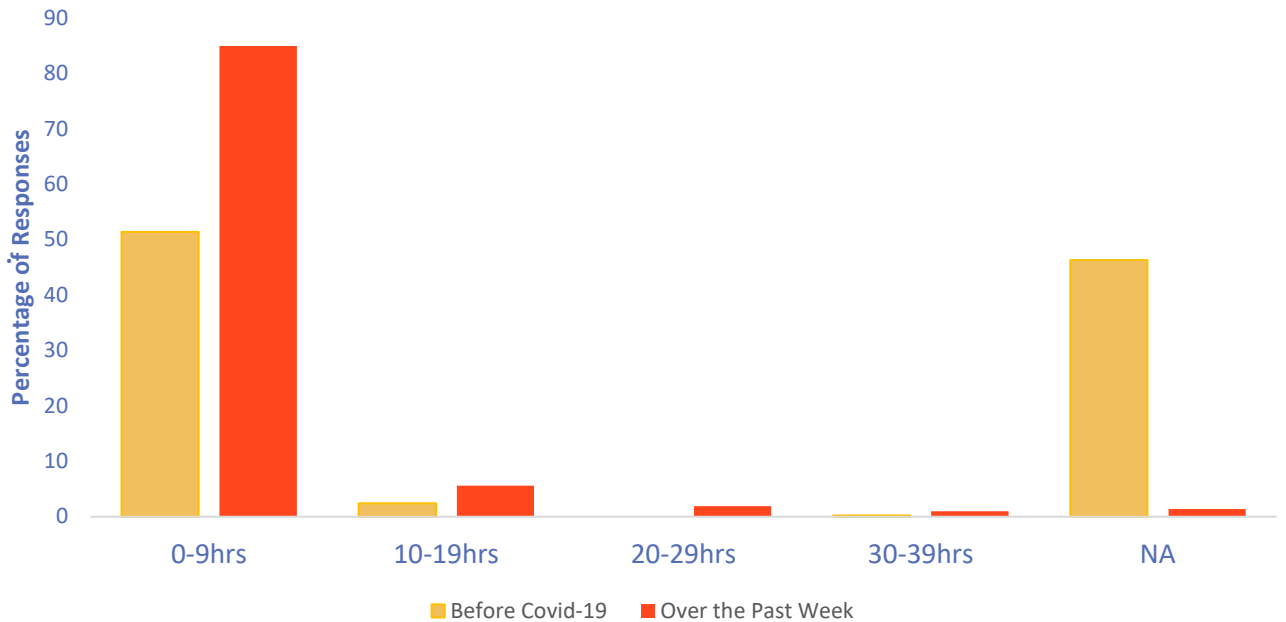
Over **80%** of our sample were working from home most days of the week. That's more than usual for 60% of people.

How often did you work from home over the past week?



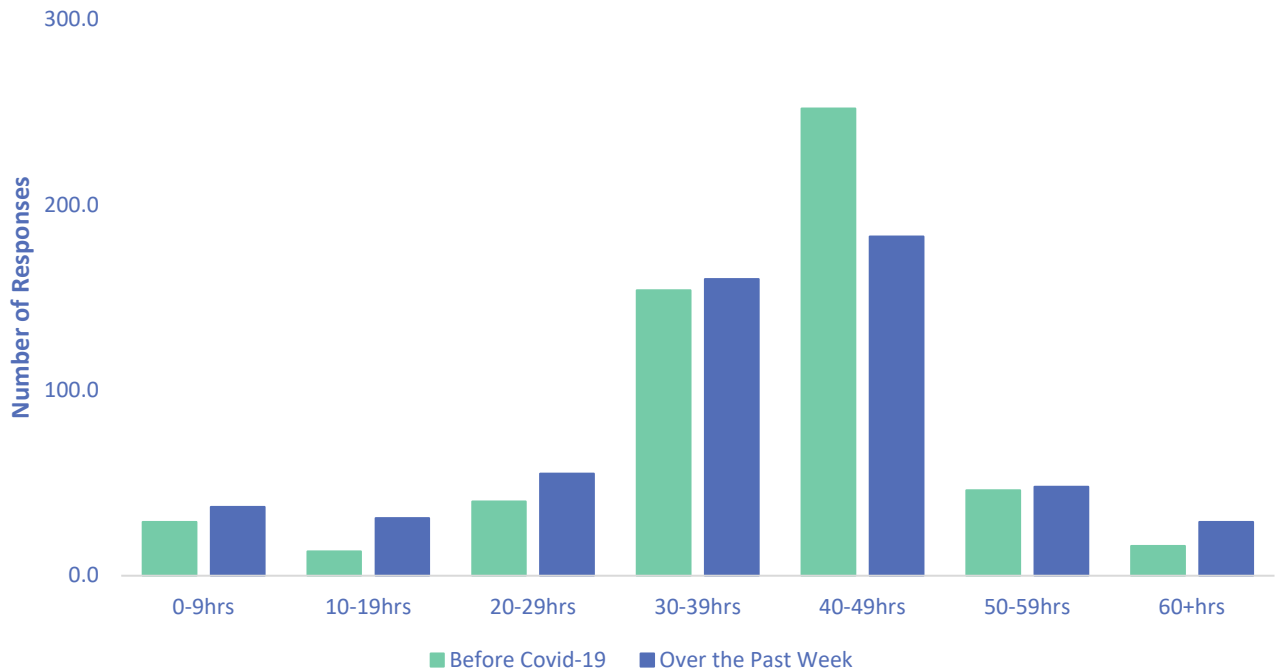
...And the current work situation.

Hours Per Day Spent Simultaneously Working and Caring for Children



During the week leading up to the survey, our respondents spent **more time simultaneously caring for children and working** than before COVID-19. Hours spent working per week shifted slightly during COVID-19 with **less employees working 30-39 hours** per week during the week prior to the survey.

Hours Worked Per Week Before and After COVID-19



Associations between workplace issues and well-being.

Associations with Mental Health

We found several work aspects that strongly and significantly correlated with psychological distress. Although we cannot establish causality, a correlation could mean that changing these aspects is likely to reduce psychological distress. The strongest predictors of psychological distress were:

Financial Strain

Job insecurity

IT Hassles

Work-home interference

Cyber slacking

IT Hassles

Work to home interference

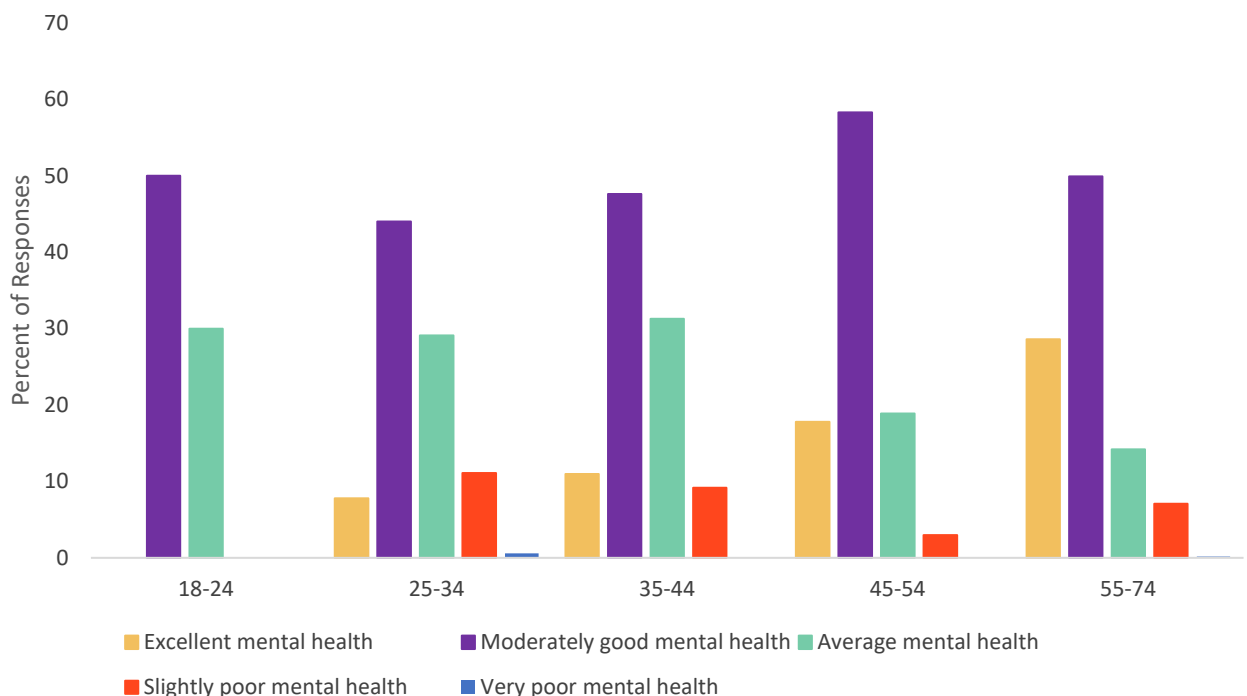
Role Clarity

Associations with Loneliness

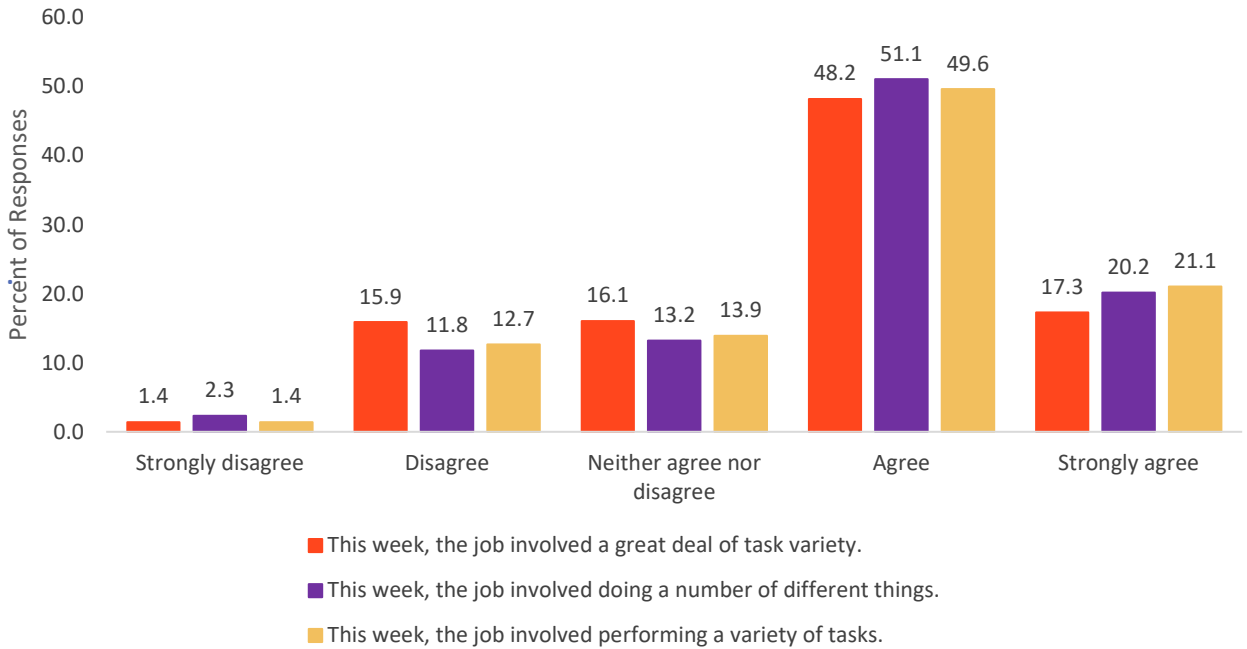
Above are several aspects that we found strongly and significantly correlated with loneliness. While these aspects have not been established as causal, they may play a role in the degree of loneliness our participants reported.

Our validated mental health measure showed that **21.9%** of participants were experiencing **high** or **very high** psychological distress.

Mental Health by Age

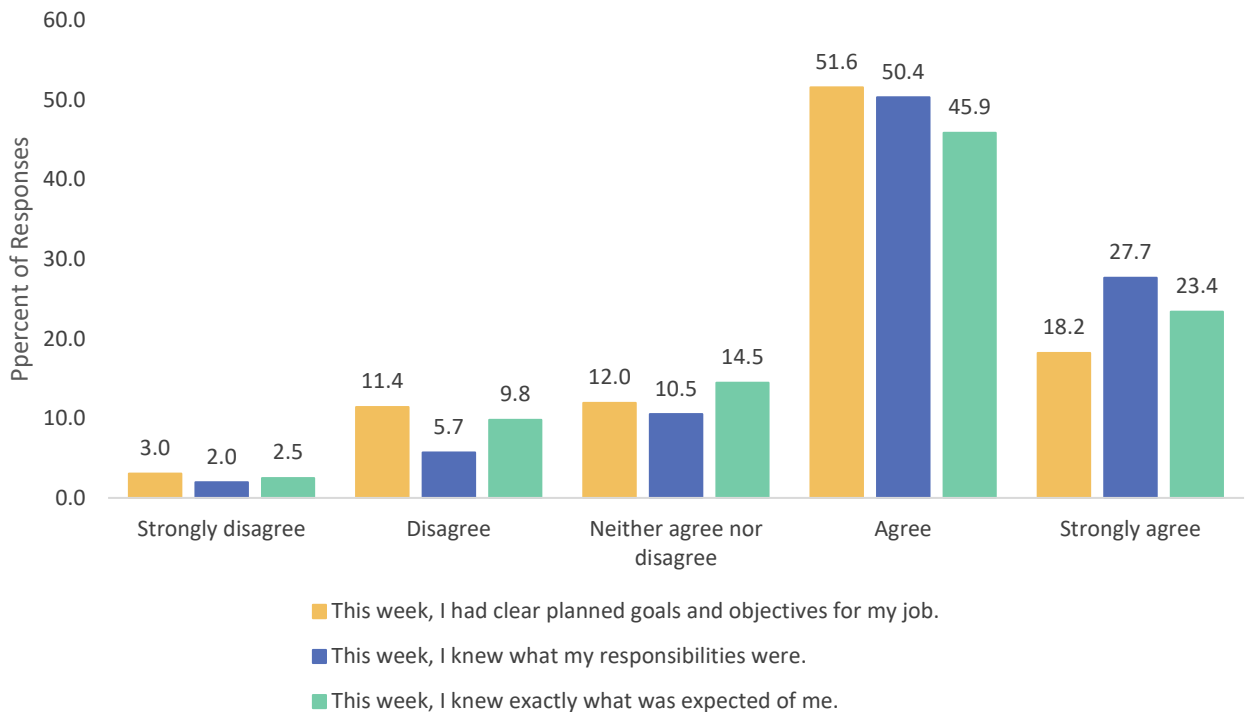


Task Variety

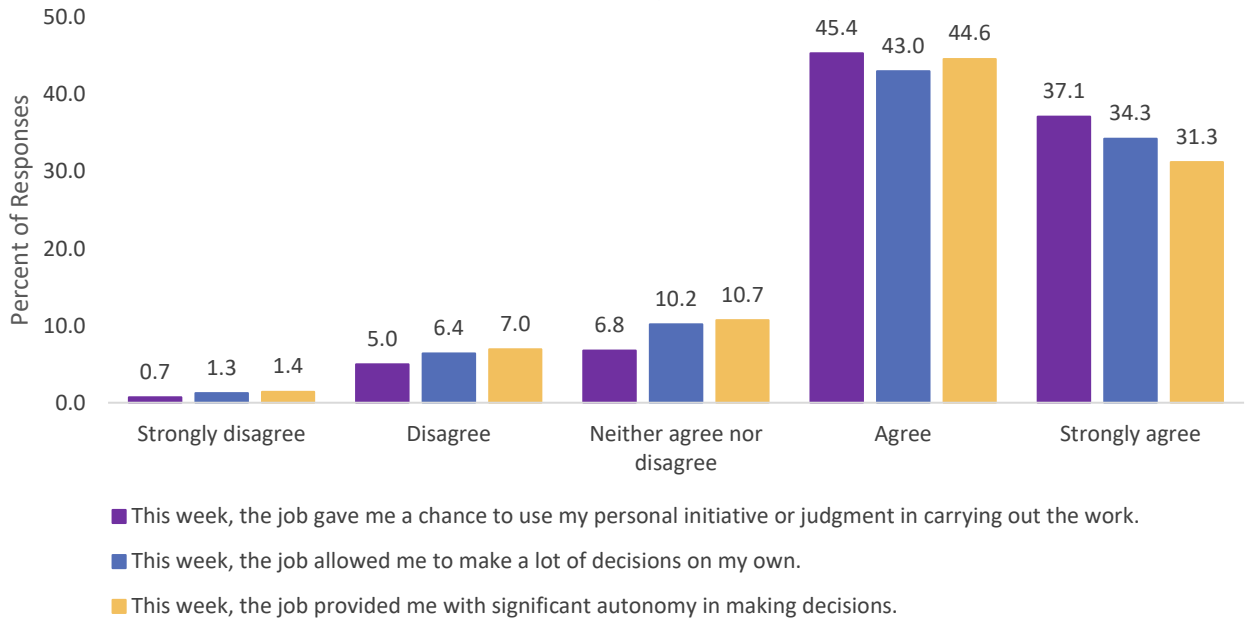


During the week prior to the survey, at least **60%** of participants reported that they felt the level of variety in the work tasks they completed was **Good** or **Very Good**. Similarly to Task Variety, at least **77%** of survey respondents agreed that they were clear about their work **tasks, goals, and responsibilities**.

Role Clarity

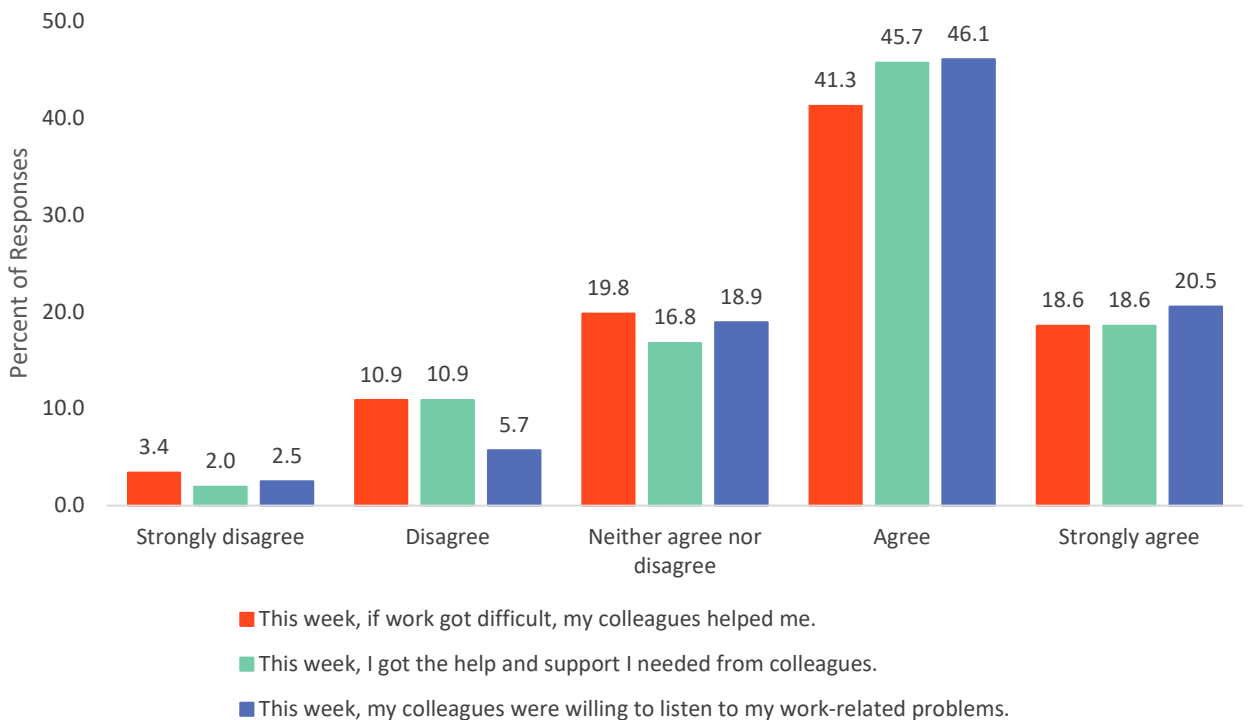


Decision Making Autonomy

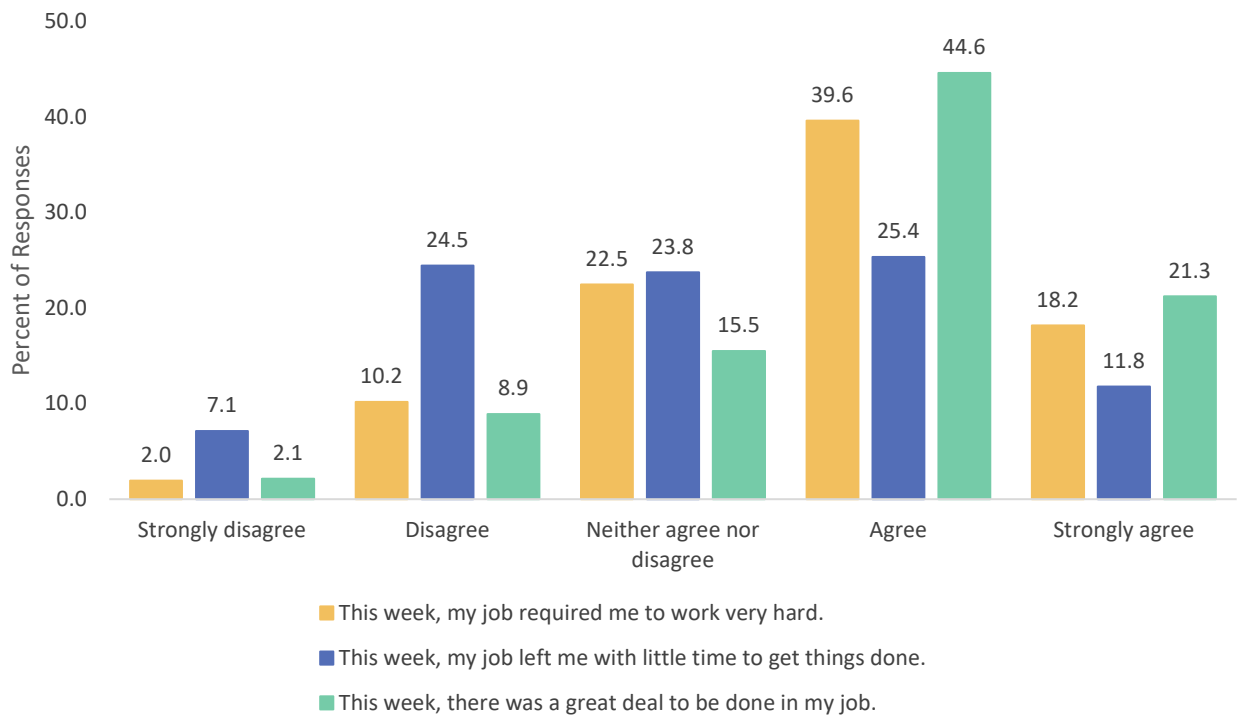


During the week prior to the survey, at least **75%** of participants reported that they have a considerable amount of autonomy to make workplace decisions that affect their work. While most participants indicated a good level of support from colleagues, approximately **30%** reported average to poor levels of **listening, support** and **help** from colleagues.

Support from Colleagues



Workload



Over the week prior to the survey, at least **55%** of our participants experienced a high workload that required them to work very hard with little time to complete tasks.

Key Messages for Workers

Use the findings from this survey as a way to take stock of your work-from-home experiences. Here are a few tips:

- [Structure your day](#) by writing a plan & setting clear boundaries between work & home.
- Ask for feedback and clarity on your role and performance.
- Actively plan to [connect with colleagues](#) to build high quality relationships.
- Are there aspects of your role that you can craft to better fit your skills and interests?

Most importantly, practice [self compassion](#) in all your work, home, and [recovery](#) activities to maintain good mental health.

Key Messages for Managers

Use the findings from this survey as an opportunity to check in on the well-being of your employees during the COVID_19 pandemic. For example:

- Do your employees have variety in their work tasks?
- Are your employees' projects meaningful?
- Have you built feedback into virtual meetings (don't wait for appraisals)?
- Do employees have adequate downtime?
- Is there an expectation of constant availability from employees?
- Are flexibility & autonomy built into employees' roles to help them deal with the changing nature of their work?

It's important to look out for signs of stress and take immediate action. Providing employees with emotional and practical support, such as regular check-ins, will aid in increasing well-being and productivity. Check out this [video & blog post](#) for expert advice on setting your team up for success.

